



SYLLABUS

Cambridge IGCSE®
Latin
0480

For examination in June 2018 and 2019

Changes to syllabus for 2018 and 2019

This syllabus has been updated. Significant changes to the syllabus are indicated by black vertical lines either side of the text.

You are advised to read the whole syllabus before planning your teaching programme.

In addition you are strongly advised to refer to the published specimen assessment materials for use from 2018 on our website at www.cie.org.uk

Changes to the scheme of assessment for Paper 1 Language

- Minor amendments have been made to simplify the way marks for Paper 1 are recorded.
- The total number of marks for Paper 1 will be 160 marks. The raw mark total is no longer being scaled down. The method of assessment is unchanged.
- The Section A translation will have a maximum of 110 marks; Section B on comprehension and derivations will have a maximum of 50 marks.
- In Section B, there will now be 4 marks available for giving four English words derived from given Latin words.
- Paper 1 is still weighted at 50% of the total marks available for the qualification.

Changes to the format of Paper 1 Language

- The Section A translation passage will now be approximately 120 words.
- In the Section A translation, glossed words will be underlined instead of labelled with superscript numbers.
- Proper nouns will be listed with other nouns in the glossed words list, by order of appearance.

Changes to the scheme of assessment for Paper 2 Literature

- The mark scheme for questions 3 and 6 (the 10-mark essay questions) will now contain a levels-marking grid to show how marks are awarded for different levels of performance against the assessment objectives.
- There are no changes to the prescribed texts. The texts examined for 2017 will continue for 2018 and 2019.

Changes to the syllabus

- The grade descriptions for Grades C and F on page 9 have been reworded for clarity.
- The vocabulary list on pages 13 to 30 has been updated to remove 34 rarely used words, to add in 38 more common words, and to give the genitives of nouns.
- Additions of new vocabulary are indicated by black vertical lines.
- Added words are: adiuvo, advenio, gratias ago, amica, appareo, caedo, cogito, colloquor, crimen, despero, domina, efficio, eques, frango, gaudeo, gladiator, idoneus, insignis, ita vero, lacrimo, lente, libenter, lux, miror, multitudo, neglego, procedo, resisto, saevus, saluto, sicut, simulac, specto, spes, surgo, turba, vehementer, vestimentum.
- Deleted words are: accidit, adventus, antequam, antiquus, ara, aula, avis, bos, canto, carcer, carmen, colo, complures, culpa, cupidus, dens, dulcis, etiamsi, exemplum, gratus, imago, incola, iuvo, lacrima, lectus, maritus, memoria, miraculum, numerus, pietas, praeclarus, regio, vestis, vicinus.

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1. Introduction

1.1 Why choose Cambridge?

Cambridge International Examinations is part of the University of Cambridge. We prepare school students for life, helping them develop an informed curiosity and a lasting passion for learning. Our international qualifications are recognised by the world's best universities and employers, giving students a wide range of options in their education and career. As a not-for-profit organisation, we devote our resources to delivering high-quality educational programmes that can unlock learners' potential.

Our programmes set the global standard for international education. They are created by subject experts, are rooted in academic rigour, and provide a strong platform for progression. Over 10 000 schools in 160 countries work with us to prepare nearly a million learners for their future with an international education from Cambridge.

Cambridge learners

Cambridge programmes and qualifications develop not only subject knowledge but also skills. We encourage Cambridge learners to be:

- confident in working with information and ideas their own and those of others
- responsible for themselves, responsive to and respectful of others
- reflective as learners, developing their ability to learn
- innovative and equipped for new and future challenges
- **engaged** intellectually and socially, ready to make a difference.

Recognition

Cambridge IGCSE is recognised by leading universities and employers worldwide, and is an international passport to progression and success. It provides a solid foundation for moving on to higher level studies. Learn more at **www.cie.org.uk/recognition**

Support for teachers

A wide range of materials and resources is available to support teachers and learners in Cambridge schools. Resources suit a variety of teaching methods in different international contexts. Through subject discussion forums and training, teachers can access the expert advice they need for teaching our qualifications. More details can be found in Section 2 of this syllabus and at **www.cie.org.uk/teachers**

Support for exams officers

Exams officers can trust in reliable, efficient administration of exams entries and excellent personal support from our customer services. Learn more at **www.cie.org.uk/examsofficers**

Our systems for managing the provision of international qualifications and education programmes for learners aged 5 to 19 are certified as meeting the internationally recognised standard for quality management, ISO 9001:2008. Learn more at **www.cie.org.uk/ISO9001**

1.2 Why choose Cambridge IGCSE?

Cambridge IGCSEs are international in outlook, but retain a local relevance. The syllabuses provide opportunities for contextualised learning and the content has been created to suit a wide variety of schools, avoid cultural bias and develop essential lifelong skills, including creative thinking and problem-solving.

Our aim is to balance knowledge, understanding and skills in our programmes and qualifications to enable students to become effective learners and to provide a solid foundation for their continuing educational journey.

Through our professional development courses and our support materials for Cambridge IGCSEs, we provide the tools to enable teachers to prepare learners to the best of their ability and work with us in the pursuit of excellence in education.

Cambridge IGCSEs are considered to be an excellent preparation for Cambridge International AS and A Levels, the Cambridge AICE (Advanced International Certificate of Education) Group Award, Cambridge Pre-U, and other education programmes, such as the US Advanced Placement program and the International Baccalaureate Diploma programme. Learn more about Cambridge IGCSEs at www.cie.org.uk/cambridgesecondary2

Guided learning hours

Cambridge IGCSE syllabuses are designed on the assumption that learners have about 130 guided learning hours per subject over the duration of the course, but this is for guidance only. The number of hours required to gain the qualification may vary according to local curricular practice and the learners' prior experience of the subject.

1.3 Why choose Cambridge IGCSE Latin?

Cambridge IGCSE Latin is accepted by universities and employers worldwide as proof of knowledge and understanding of Latin language and literature.

This Latin syllabus aims to develop learners' ability to understand Latin vocabulary, morphology and syntax, and to read, understand and appreciate some of the best of Latin literature.

Learners will develop an analytical approach to language and be better equipped to compare the structures of Latin with those of other languages, as well as be able to recognise the impact of Latin on modern English. The course also encourages learners to develop an appreciation of literature, in terms of both its content and style, and of its social and historical context.

Cambridge IGCSE Latin enables learners to gain:

- the ability to translate and understand Latin, and to relate the linguistic structures and vocabulary of Latin to other languages, including English
- an appreciation of some of the literature which forms much of the foundation of the Western tradition
- an interest in, and enthusiasm for, learning about the past
- the ability to present clear, logical arguments which are well supported by evidence.

Prior learning

Learners beginning this course are not expected to have studied Latin previously.

Progression

Cambridge IGCSE Certificates are general qualifications that enable learners either to progress directly to employment or to proceed to further qualifications.

1.4 Cambridge ICE (International Certificate of Education)

Cambridge ICE is a group award for Cambridge IGCSE. It gives schools the opportunity to benefit from offering a broad and balanced curriculum by recognising the achievements of learners who pass examinations in a number of different subjects.

Learn more about Cambridge ICE at www.cie.org.uk/cambridgesecondary2

1.5 How can I find out more?

If you are already a Cambridge school

You can make entries for this qualification through your usual channels. If you have any questions, please contact us at **info@cie.org.uk**

If you are not yet a Cambridge school

Learn about the benefits of becoming a Cambridge school at **www.cie.org.uk/startcambridge**. Email us at **info@cie.org.uk** to find out how your organisation can register to become a Cambridge school.

2. Teacher support

2.1 Support materials

We send Cambridge syllabuses, past question papers and examiner reports to cover the last examination series to all Cambridge schools.

You can also go to our public website at **www.cie.org.uk/igcse** to download current and future syllabuses together with specimen papers or past question papers and examiner reports from one series.

For teachers at registered Cambridge schools a range of additional support materials for specific syllabuses is available from Teacher Support, our secure online support for Cambridge teachers. Go to **http://teachers.cie.org.uk** (username and password required).

2.2 Endorsed resources

We work with publishers providing a range of resources for our syllabuses including print and digital materials. Resources endorsed by Cambridge go through a detailed quality assurance process to ensure they provide a high level of support for teachers and learners.

We have resource lists which can be filtered to show all resources, or just those which are endorsed by Cambridge. The resource lists include further suggestions for resources to support teaching.

2.3 Training

We offer a range of support activities for teachers to ensure they have the relevant knowledge and skills to deliver our qualifications. See **www.cie.org.uk/events** for further information.

3. Assessment at a glance

For the Cambridge IGCSE in Latin, candidates take two compulsory components: Paper 1 Language and Paper 2 Literature.

Candidates are awarded grades ranging from A* to G.

Candidates take:

Paper 1 Language

1 hour 30 minutes

There are two sections in this paper. In Section A, candidates translate a passage of Latin prose into English. In Section B, candidates answer comprehension questions on a passage of Latin prose and give four English words which derive from given Latin words.

160 marks weighted at 50% of total marks available

and

Paper 2 Literature

1 hour 30 minutes

Candidates answer questions on the prescribed texts. Questions test comprehension, translation, scansion and appreciation of the literature.

80 marks weighted at 50% of total marks available

Availability

This syllabus is examined in the June examination series.

This syllabus is available to private candidates.

Detailed timetables are available from www.cie.org.uk/examsofficers

Combining this with other syllabuses

Candidates can combine this syllabus in an examination series with any other Cambridge syllabus, except:

• syllabuses with the same title at the same level.

Please note that Cambridge IGCSE, Cambridge International Level 1/Level 2 Certificate and Cambridge O Level syllabuses are at the same level.

4. Syllabus aims and assessment objectives

4.1 Syllabus aims

The aims of the Cambridge IGCSE Latin syllabus are to enable candidates to develop:

- an understanding of the Latin language
- the ability to read, understand, appreciate and respond to some Latin literature
- an understanding of some of the elements of Roman civilisation
- an analytical approach to language by seeing English in relation to a language of very different structure and by observing the influence of Latin on English
- an awareness of the motives and attitudes of people of a different time and culture, while considering the legacy of Rome to the modern world
- a greater understanding of a range of aesthetic, ethical, linguistic, political, religious and social issues
- an excellent foundation of knowledge for advanced study.

4.2 Assessment objectives

There are three separate assessment objectives: AO1, AO2 and AO3.

AO1 Linguistic knowledge with understanding

To pass Cambridge IGCSE Latin, candidates should be able to:

- express, according to context, the meaning of linguistic elements (vocabulary, morphology and syntax)
- express, according to context, the meaning of Latin sentences written in Latin word order
- translate a passage of Latin into English
- understand the details and general meaning of a passage of Latin
- give English words which derive from given Latin words.

AO2 Literary knowledge with understanding

To pass Cambridge IGCSE Latin, candidates should be able to:

- describe character, action and context
- select details from the text
- explain meanings and references
- translate a portion of the text
- explain matters relating to the social and historical context
- scan two lines of hexameter verse.

AO3 Literary criticism with personal response

To pass Cambridge IGCSE Latin, candidates should be able to:

- analyse and evaluate style, tone and metre (where appropriate)
- select evidence to make judgements on the social and historical context
- make a reasoned personal response to the literature.

4.3 Scheme of assessment

Paper 1 Language

160 marks, 1 hour 30 mins

Candidates must answer both Section A and Section B.

In Section A, candidates translate into English a passage of Latin prose. The translation passage will be approximately 120 words in length. Candidates are expected to render the translation passage into sensible English and not rely on a word-for-word substitution translation. The maximum mark for Section A is 110.

In Section B, candidates answer comprehension questions on a passage of Latin prose. One question tests understanding of the derivation of English words from Latin words contained in the passage. The maximum mark for Section B is 50.

Paper 2 Literature

80 marks, 1 hour 30 mins

Candidates must answer all the questions.

This paper contains two passages from each of the prescribed texts with questions on each passage. Through answering the questions, candidates are expected to show understanding of the literature, with reference to its subject matter, presentation, genre, metre and background. In addition, the questions test candidates' ability to translate the text. On each text there is one 10-mark question, which asks candidates to express opinions on matters relating to the social and historical context of the literature and/or the literature itself. Candidates are expected to support their opinions with evidence from the texts.

4.4 Relationship between assessment objectives and components

Asses	Assessment Objective		Paper 2	Total for qualification
AO1	Linguistic knowledge with understanding	100%	_	50%
AO2	Literary knowledge with understanding	_	50–60%	25–30%
AO3	Literary criticism with personal response	_	40–50%	20–25%

4.5 Grade descriptions

The aim of these grade descriptions is to give a general indication of the standards of achievement that candidates who receive Grades A, C and F are likely to have shown or achieved.

Candidates may perform much better in some parts of the examination than others, and their final grade depends in practice on the extent to which the candidate has met the assessment objectives overall.

Grade A

To achieve a Grade A, candidates will be able to:

- demonstrate a good grasp of Latin vocabulary, morphology and syntax
- understand unseen passages of Latin and translate them into English accurately and clearly
- demonstrate a thorough knowledge of the prescribed texts and give an appreciative response to their literary qualities.

Grade C

To achieve a Grade C, candidates will be able to:

- demonstrate an adequate grasp of the language
- make sense of unseen passages of Latin and translate them into English with some accuracy and with most of the meaning conveyed
- show a reasonable knowledge of the prescribed texts and make literary and background comments which usually have some relevance, although the material may not be remembered perfectly.

Grade F

To achieve a Grade F, candidates will be able to:

- demonstrate some grasp of the basics of the language
- make limited sense of unseen passages of Latin and translate isolated sections into English with minimal accuracy
- show basic recall and understanding of prescribed texts and background questions.

5. Syllabus content

The Cambridge IGCSE Latin syllabus places equal emphasis on the study of the Latin language and the study of Latin prose and verse literature in its social and historical context. No particular course is specified for this syllabus.

5.1 Paper 1: Language

Vocabulary

A detailed vocabulary list is available in section 6.

Morphology

Nouns	the five declensions and irregular nouns from the vocabulary list.
Adjectives	of first, second and third declension.
Comparison of adjectives	all regular examples, including those in -ilis; irregular adjectives bonus, malus, magnus, parvus, multus, pauci.
Adverbs and comparison of adverbs	all adverbial equivalents of regular adjectives and the irregular adjectives given above; also <i>diu</i> , <i>prope</i> , <i>saepe</i> .
Pronouns (etc.)	ego, tu, nos, vos, is, se, hic, ille, idem, ipse, iste, qui, quidam, quis, aliquis, quisque, nullus, solus, totus, alius, alter, uter.
Verbs	all parts of regular and irregular verbs, including deponent, semi-deponent and defective verbs <i>odi, coepi, memini,</i> but only <i>inquit</i> from <i>inquam</i> ; common compounds, e.g. <i>transeo</i> = <i>trans</i> + <i>eo</i> .
Prepositions	 (a) those with the accusative: ad, ante, apud, circum, contra, extra, inter, intra, ob, per, post, praeter, prope, propter, trans; (b) those with the ablative: a (ab), cum, de, e (ex), pro, sine; (c) those with the accusative and the ablative: in, sub, super.
Numerals	cardinal: 1 to 100, 500, 1000; ordinal: 1st to 10th.

Syntax

- Case usage
- Agent and instrument
- Expressions of place, time and space
- Expressions of price and value
- Verbs used with dative and ablative
- Ablative absolute
- Partitive genitive
- Verbs used with prolative infinitive
- Gerunds and gerundives
- Direct questions, including -ne, nonne, num and interrogative pronouns, adjectives and adverbs
- Direct command (2nd person)
- Prohibitions using noli, nolite
- Indirect statement
- Indirect command with prolative infinitive
- Conditional clauses with the indicative
- Common impersonal verbs
- Causal clauses with indicative (quod, quia, quoniam)
- Temporal clauses with indicative (including dum with the present)
- Concessive clauses with indicative (quamquam, etiamsi)
- Comparison clauses with indicative
- Indirect command with ut and ne
- Indirect question
- Purpose and result clauses
- Clauses of fearing
- Conditional sentences with subjunctive
- Causal clauses with subjunctive
- Temporal clauses with subjunctive
- Concessive clauses with subjunctive (quamvis, licet, cum, etiamsi)

5.2 Paper 2: Literature

The prescribed texts for 2018–2019 are listed below.

Verse

Virgil, Aeneid Book 12, lines 697–703 (at pater Aeneas ... ad auras), 710–790 (atque illi ... Martis anheli) and 845–952 (dicuntur geminae ... indignata sub umbras)

No particular edition is specified as availability differs widely between countries.

Prose

Selections from:

Two Centuries of Roman Prose, eds E C Kennedy and A R Davis (Bristol Classical Press, 1972 – later editions are also available)

Cicero, pages 79-93:

An Orator Defies Death
Ethics of a Salesman
Domestic Design
Domestic Discord
Concern for the Health of a Former Slave
An Author's Lapse

6. Vocabulary list

In addition to words on the list, candidates will be expected to be familiar with:

- all adverbial equivalents of regular adjectives, as well as those of irregular adjectives listed here
- comparative and superlative forms of adjectives and adverbs as detailed above
- cardinal numbers 1 to 100, 500, 1000, and ordinals 1st to 10th
- compound verbs which are formed using prepositions in the list, e.g. transeo.

Proper nouns and related adjectives (excluding Italia, Roma and Romanus) will be glossed.

Key

ind. indicativeabl. ablativesubj. subjunctivesg. singulardep. deponentpl. plural(1), (2), (3), (4) first, second, third, fourth conjugationm. masculineacc. accusativef. femininegen. genitiven. neuterdat. dative

Α

aliquis, -qua, -quid

a (ab) + abl.by, from I am absent, I am away absum, abesse, afui accipio, -ere, accepi, acceptum I receive, I accept keen, fierce acer, acris, acre ac, atque and ad + acc. to, towards, near adeo to such an extent, so much adhuc still, up till now adiuvo (1) I help adsum, adesse, adfui I am present, I am here advenio (4) I reach, I arrive adulescens, adulescentis m. f. young man, young woman aedifico (1) I build ill, sick aeger, -gra, -grum ager, agri m. field Lattack aggredior, aggredi, aggressus sum agmen, agminis n. column (of men) ago, -ere, egi, actum I do, drive, spend (time) gratias ago I give thanks agricola, agricolae m. farmer

someone, anyone

alius, -a, -ud (alii alii)	another, other (some others)
alter, altera, alterum	the other, second
altus, -a, -um	high, deep
ambulo (1)	l walk
amica, amicae f.	friend (female)
amicus, amici <i>m.</i>	friend (male)
amitto, -ere, amisi, amissum	llose
amo (1)	llove
amor, amoris <i>m</i> .	love
an (utrum an)	or (whether or)
ancilla, ancillae f.	slave-girl, maid
animus, animi <i>m</i> .	mind, heart, feeling, spirit
in animo habeo (2)	I have in mind, I intend
annus, anni <i>m.</i>	year
ante + acc.	before, in front of
antea	previously
appareo (2)	I appear
appropinquo (1) + dat.	I approach
aptus, -a, -um	suitable, appropriate
apud + acc.	with, among, at the house of
aqua, aquae f .	water
arcesso, -ere, -ivi, -itum	l summon, l call
arbor, arboris f.	tree
arma, armorum <i>n. pl.</i>	arms, weapons
ars, artis f.	art, skill
ascendo, -ere, ascendi, ascensum	l climb, I go up
atrox, atrocis <i>m. f. n.</i>	harsh, terrible
attonitus, -a, -um	astonished
audax, audacis <i>m. f. n.</i>	bold
audeo, -ere, ausus sum	I dare
audio (4)	I hear
aufero, auferre, abstuli, ablatum	l take away, I steal
aut (aut aut)	or (either or)
autem	but, however
auxilium, auxilii <i>n.</i>	help
В	
В	
barbarus, -a, -um	barbarian
bellum, belli n.	war
bene	well
benignus, -a, -um	kind

bibo, -ere, bibi, -	I drink	
bonus, -a, -um	good	
brevis, -is, -e	short	
_		
C		
cado, -ere, cecidi, casum	l fall	
caedo, -ere, cecidi, caesum	l cut, l kill	1
caelum, caeli <i>n.</i>	sky	
callidus, -a, -um	clever, cunning	
campus, campi m.	plain	
canis, canis m. f.	dog	
capio, -ere, cepi, captum	I take, I capture	
captivus, captivi <i>m.</i>	prisoner	
caput, capitis n.	head	
carus, -a, -um	dear	
castra, castrorum <i>n. pl.</i>	camp	
casus, casus <i>m</i> .	event, accident, misfortune	
causa, causae f.	cause, reason	
cedo, -ere, cessi, cessum	l go, I give way, I yield	
celer, -is, -e	swift, fast	
celo (1)	I hide, I conceal	
cena, cenae f.	dinner	
ceno (1)	I dine	
centurio, centurionis m.	centurion	
certus, -a, -um	certain, definite	
ceteri, -ae, -a	the rest (of)	
cibus, cibi m.	food	
circum + acc.	around	
civis, civis m. f.	citizen	
civitas, civitatis f.	state, community	
clamo (1)	Ishout	
clamor, clamoris <i>m</i> .	shout	
coepi, coepisse, coeptum (defective)	I begin, I have begun	
cogito (1)	I think	1
cognosco, -ere, cognovi, cognitum	I get to know, I find out	
cogo, -ere, coegi, coactum	I compel	
colligo, -ere, collegi, collectum	I collect	
colloquor (3 dep.)	I converse, I hold a conversation	
comes, comitis m. f.	companion	
comparo (1)	I prepare, I gain, I obtain	
conficio, -ere, confeci, confectum	I finish, I wear out	
coniunx, coniugis m. f.	husband, wife	

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conor (1 dep.) I try consilium, consilii n. plan, policy consilium capio, -ere, cepi, captum I think of a plan, I have an idea I catch sight of, I see conspicio, -ere, conspexi, conspectum I decide constituo, -ere, constitui, constitutum consul, consulis m. consul consumo, -ere, consumpsi, consumptum I eat, I use up contendo, -ere, contendi, contentum I hurry, I stretch, I fight contentus, -a, -um satisfied, happy, content contra + acc. against convenio, -ire, conveni, conventum I meet, I gather, I come together copiae, copiarum f. pl. forces, troops corpus, corporis n. body cotidie every day cras tomorrow credo, -ere, credidi, creditum + dat. I believe, I trust charge, accusation crimen, criminis n. crudelis, -is, -e cruel I find fault with, I blame culpo (1) cum + abl. with when cum + ind. cum + subj. when, since, although cupio, -ere, cupivi, cupitum I desire cur? why? cura, curae f. care, concern curro, -ere, cucurri, cursum I run custodio (4) I guard custos, custodis m. guard П de + abl. down from, concerning dea, deae f. goddess debeo (2) I owe, I ought, I have to decipio, -ere, decepi, deceptum I deceive dedo, -ere, dedidi, deditum I surrender I defend defendo, -ere, defendi, defensum deinde then, next deleo, -ere, delevi, deletum I destroy I deliberate, I consider seriously delibero (1) I descend descendo, -ere, descendi, descensum despero (1) I give up hope, I despair deus, dei m. god

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dico, -ere, dixi, dictum	l say, l tell	
dies, diei m. f.	day	
difficilis, -is, -e	difficult	
dignus, -a, -um + abl.	worthy, deserving (of)	
diligens, -ntis m. f. n.	diligent, hard-working	
diligentia, diligentiae f.	diligence, industry, care	
dirus, -a, -um	awful, dreadful	
discedo, -ere, discessi, discessum	l depart, I go away	
disciplina, disciplinae f.	training, education, discipline	
disco, -ere, didici, -	l learn	
diu	for a long time	
dives, divitis m. f. n.	rich, wealthy	
do, dare, dedi, datum	I give	
doceo, -ere, docui, doctum	I teach	
dolor, doloris <i>m</i> .	pain, grief, sorrow	
domina, dominae f.	mistress	
dominus, domini <i>m</i> .	master	
domus, domus f.	house	
donum, doni <i>n</i> .	gift	
dormio (4)	I sleep	
dubito (1)	I doubt, I hesitate	
dubius, -a, -um	doubtful	
duco, -ere, duxi, ductum	l lead	
dum + ind.	while	
durus, -a, -um	hard, harsh	
dux, ducis m. f.	leader, commander, guide	
F		
-	aut of frame	
e (ex) + abl.	out of, from	
ecce!	look! behold!	
efficio, -icere, effeci, effectum	I bring about, I accomplish	
effugio, -ere, effugi, -	l escape, I flee	
ego	l de out	
egredior, egredi, egressus sum	I go out	
eheu!	oh dear! alas!	
emo, -ere, emi, emptum	l buy	
enim	for	
eo	to there, thither	
eo, ire, i(v)i, itum	l go	
epistula, epistulae f.	letter	
eques, equitis m.	cavalryman, rider; <i>pl</i> . cavalry	
equus, equi <i>m</i> .	horse	

and (both ... and) et (et ... et) etiam even, also excito (1) I rouse, I stir up exeo, exire, exii, exitum I go out exercitus, exercitus m. army exspecto (1) I expect, I wait for outside, beyond extra + acc. furthest, last extremus, -a, -um F fabula, fabulae f. story, tale facilis, -is, -e easy facio, -ere, feci, factum I make, I do fallo, -ere, fefelli, falsum I deceive, I trick fama, famae f. rumour, reputation felix, felicis m. f. n. lucky, happy femina, feminae f. woman I carry, I bring, I bear, I endure fero, ferre, tuli, latum ferox, ferocis m. f. n. fierce tired fessus, -a, -um fidelis, -is, -e faithful, loyal fides, fidei f. faith, confidence, honesty filia, filiae f. daughter filius, filii m. son finis, finis m. end fio, fieri, factus sum I become, I am made flumen, fluminis n. river fons, fontis m. spring, fountain forma, formae f. form, beauty, shape forte by chance brave fortis, -is, -e fortuna, -ae f. fortune, chance, luck forum, fori n. forum, market-place frango, -ere, fregi, fractum I break brother frater, fratris m. frustra in vain fuga, fugae f. flight fugio, -ere, fugi, -I flee, I run away I am happy, I rejoice gaudeo, -ere, gavisus sum

I

I

gaudium, gaudii <i>n</i> .	joy	
gens, gentis f.	tribe, nation, race	
gero, -ere, gessi, gestum	l do, I wear, I carry	
bellum gero	l wage war	
gladiator, gladiatoris <i>m</i> .	gladiator	I
gladius, gladii <i>m</i> .	sword	
gloria, gloriae f.	glory	
gravis, -is, -e	heavy, severe, important	
Н		
habeo (2)	I have	
habito (1)	I live, I reside	
hasta, hastae f.	spear	
heri	yesterday	
hic	here	
hic, haec, hoc	this (he, she, it)	
hinc	from here, hence	
hodie	today	
homo, hominis m.	man, person	
hora, horae f.	hour	
hortor (1 dep.)	I encourage	
hortus, horti m.	garden	
hostis, hostis m. f.	enemy	
huc	to here, hither	
1		
iaceo (2)	l lie	
iacio, -ere, ieci, iactum	I throw	
iam	now, already	
ianua, ianuae f.	door, entrance	
ibi	there	
idem, eadem, idem	same	
idoneus, -a, -um	suitable	I
igitur	therefore	
ignavus, -a, -um	lazy, cowardly	
ignis, ignis m.	fire	
ille, illa, illud	that (he, she, it)	
illuc	to there, thither	
imperator, imperatoris m.	emperor, commander, general	
imperium, imperii <i>n.</i>	command, power, order	
impero (1) + dat.	l order	

I

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impetus, impetus m. charge, assault, attack in + acc. into, onto, against in + abl. in, on incendo, -ere, incendi, incensum I set fire to incipio, -ere, incepi, inceptum I begin inde from there, thence infelix, infelicis m. f. n. unlucky huge, enormous ingens, -ntis m. f. n. ingredior, ingredi, ingressus sum I enter, I go in inimicus, -a, -um hostile, unfriendly inquit (from inquam) (defective) he/she says (I say) insanus, -a, -um mad, insane insignis, -is, -e distinguished, remarkable insula, insulae f. island, block of flats intellego, -ere, intellexi, intellectum I understand, I realise inter + acc. between, among meanwhile interea I kill interficio, -ere, interfeci, interfectum inside, within intra + acc. intro (1) I enter invideo, -ere, invidi, invisum + dat. I envy, I hate invenio, invenire, inveni, inventum I come across, I find invito (1) I invite reluctant, unwilling invitus, -a, -um self ipse, ipsa, ipsum ira, -ae f. anger iratus, -a, -um angry is, ea, id this, that, he, she, it iste, ista, istud that one (that man, woman, thing) ita so, thus ita vero yes, indeed, certainly Italia, Italiae f. Italy and so, therefore itaque iter, itineris n. journey, march iterum again iubeo, -ere, iussi, iussum I order iudex, iudicis m. judge, juror iudico (1) I judge I join iungo, -ere, iunxi, iunctum iustus, -a, -um just, right iuvenis, iuvenis m. young man

labor, laboris m. work laboro (1) I work labor, labi, lapsus sum I slip, I slide, I glide laboro (1) I work lacrimo (1) I weep, I cry happy laetus, -a, -um side latus, lateris n. broad, wide latus, -a, -um laudo (1) I praise laus, laudis f. praise, glory legatus, -i m. envoy, senior officer legio, legionis f. legion lego, -ere, legi, lectum I read lente slowly lex, legis f. law libenter gladly, willingly liber, libri m. book liber, libera, liberum free liberi, liberorum m. pl. children libero (1) I free freedman libertus, liberti m. licet + subj. although it is allowed licet, -ere, licuit, licitum litus, litoris n. shore locus, loci m. (pl. loca n.) place far off longe longus, -a, -um long loquor, loqui, locutus sum I speak ludo, -ere, lusi, lusum I play ludus, ludi m. game, play, school luna, lunae f. moon lux, lucis f. light M

magister, magistri m. teacher
magnopere very much, especially
magnus, -a, -um large, great
malo, malle, malui, – I prefer
malus, -a, -um bad
maneo, -ere, mansi, mansum I remain, I stay

hand, band (of men) manus, manus f. mare, maris n. sea mater, matris f. mother matrimonium, matrimonii n. marriage medicus, medici m. doctor medius, -a, -um middle, the middle of memini, meminisse, - (defective) I remember, I recollect mind, intellect, purpose mens, mentis f. mensa, mensae f. table mercator, mercatoris m. merchant metus, metus m. fear meus, -a, -um my miles, militis m. soldier mirabilis, -is, -e wonderful, amazing miror (1 dep.) I wonder at, I admire miser, misera, miserum wretched, unfortunate I send mitto, -ere, misi, missum modo only, just now modus, modi m. way, method, measure, end, limit moneo (2) I advise, warn mons, montis m. mountain morbus, morbi m. disease, illness, sickness morior, mori, mortuus sum I die death mors, mortis f. mos, moris m. custom moveo, -ere, movi, motum I move mox soon multitudo, multitudinis f. crowd, a great number multus, -a, -um much, many munio (4) I fortify, I protect murus, muri m. wall Ν nam (namque) for narro (1) I tell, I relate nascor, nasci, natus sum I am born sailor nauta, nautae m. navigo (1) I sail navis, navis f. ship lest, in case, in order that ... not ne (introduces question)? nec (neque) (nec ... nec/neque ... neque) neither (neither ... nor)

necesse necessary I neglego, -egere, neglexi, neglectum I neglect nego (1) I deny, I say that ... not nemo, nullius m. f. nobody I do not know nescio, -ire, nescivi, nescitum nihil (indeclinable) n. nothing nisi unless, except (if ... not) nolo, nolle, nolui I do not want, I am unwilling nomen, nominis n. name non modo ... sed etiam not only ... but also nondum not yet nonne? surely? nonnullus, -a, -um some, several nos we noster, nostra, nostrum our novus, -a, -um new nox, noctis f. night nullus, -a, -um none, no num? surely ... not? num whether numquam never nunc now nuntio (1) I announce nuntius, nuntii m. messenger, message nuper recently ob + acc. on account of, because of obliviscor, oblivisci, oblitus sum + gen. I forget, I am forgetful of occasio, occasionis f. opportunity occido, -ere, occidi, occisum I kill, I strike down occupo (1) I seize, I occupy, I attack occurro, -ere, occurri, occursum + dat. I meet, I run up to oculus, oculi m. eye odi, odisse, - (defective) I hate hatred odium, odii n. offero, offerre, obtuli, oblatum I offer, I present olim once upon a time, once omnis, -is, -e all, every onus, oneris n. burden, load oppidum, oppidi n. town opprimo, -ere, oppressi, oppressum I overwhelm, I crush

I attack oppugno (1) opus, operis n. work, piece of work orno (1) I adorn, I decorate, I make attractive oro (1) I beg, I pray mouth, face os, oris n. ostendo, -ere, ostendi, ostentum I show, I display otium, otii n. leisure Р paene almost bread panis, panis m. parco, -ere, peperci, parsum + dat. I spare parens, parentis m. f. parent pareo (2) + dat. I obey paro (1) I prepare pars, partis f. part small parvus, -a, -um father pater, patris m. patior, pati, passus sum I suffer, I endure, I allow homeland patria, patriae f. pauci, -ae, -a few, a few for a short while paulisper pauper, pauperis m. f. n. poor, a poor person pax, pacis f. peace pecunia, pecuniae f. money per + acc. through I perish, I am lost, I am destroyed pereo, perire, perii, peritum periculum, periculi n. danger permitto, -ere, permisi, permissum + dat. I allow, I entrust persuadeo, -ere, persuasi, persuasum + dat. I persuade terrified perterritus, -a, -um I arrive pervenio, pervenire, perveni, perventum pes, pedis m. foot peto, -ere, petivi, petitum I seek, I make for, I attack placet (2) (from placeo) it pleases (I please) plebs, plebis f. common people full plenus, -a, -um punishment, penalty poena, poenae f. poenas do, dare, dedi, datum I pay the penalty poeta, poetae m. poet I place, I put pono, -ere, posui, positum pons, pontis m. bridge

populus, populi m. people porta, portae f. gate porto (1) I carry port, harbour portus, portus m. I demand, I ask posco, -ere, poposci, possum, posse, potui I can, I am able after, behind post + acc. afterwards postea after, when postquam postridie next day potestas, potestatis f. power praebeo (2) I offer, I supply, I show praeda, praedae f. plunder, booty, prey praefectus, praefecti m. prefect, commander, chief praemium, praemii n. reward praeter + acc. except, apart from moreover, furthermore praeterea pretium, pretii n. price first, at first primo primum first, at first chief, leader princeps, principis m. priusquam before pro + abl. on behalf of I proceed, I go forwards procedo, -ere, processi, processum procul in the distance, far off prodo, -ere, prodidi, proditum I betray proelium, proelii n. battle proficiscor, proficisci, profectus sum I set out progredior, progredi, progressus sum I advance I prevent, I forbid prohibeo (2) promitto, -ere, promisi, promissum I promise prope + acc. near near, almost prope (adverb) on account of propter + acc. proximus, -a, -um nearest, next prudens, prudentis m. f. n. wise, sensible publicus, -a, -um public puella, puellae f. girl puer, pueri m. boy pugna, pugnae f. battle, fight pugno (1) I fight beautiful pulcher, pulchra, pulchrum

I

punio (4) I punish I think puto (1) quaero, -ere, quaesivi, quaesitum I search, I look for, I inquire of what sort? qualis, -is, -e? than, as quam quam + superlative as ... as possible although quamquam although quamvis + subj. quando? when? quantus, -a, -um? how large, how great? -que and qui, quae, quod who, who, which quia because a (certain) quidam, quaedam, quoddam indeed quidem quis, quis, quid? (interrogative) who, who, what? quisque, quaeque, quidque each quo? where to? whither? quod because how? quomodo? quoniam since, because quoque also quot? (indeclinable) how many? R rapio, -ere, rapui, raptum I seize, I snatch reddo, reddere, reddidi, redditum I return, I give back redeo, redire, redii, reditum I return, I go back refero, referre, rettuli, relatum I bring back, I return, I tell regina, -ae f. queen regnum, regni n. kingdom I rule rego, -ere, rexi, rectum

I go back
I leave behind

remaining, the rest of

state, republic

I reply

I resist, I oppose

thing, matter (or appropriate noun)

ı

regredior, regredi, regressus sum

res publica, rei publicae f.

respondeo, -ere, respondi, responsum

relinguo, -ere, reliqui, relictum

reliquus, -a, -um

resisto, -ere, restiti

res. rei f.

I

responsum, responsi n. answer rex, regis m. king rideo, -ere, risi, risum I laugh, I smile river bank ripa, ripae f. Lask rogo (1) Roma, Romae f. Rome Romanus, -a, -um Roman Romanus, -i m. a Roman rus, ruris n. country, countryside holy sacer, sacra, sacrum often saepe savage, fierce saevus, -a, -um sagitta, sagittae f. arrow salus, salutis f. safety saluto (1) I greet hello! salve! salvete! sanguis, sanguinis m. blood sapiens, sapientis m. f. n. wise sapientia, sapientiae f. wisdom satis enough saxum, saxi n. rock scelestus, -a, -um wicked scilicet obviously, clearly scio, -ire, scivi, scitum I know scribo, -ere, scripsi, scriptum himself, herself, itself, themselves I retreat, I withdraw se recipio, -ere, recepi, receptum sed but I sit sedeo, -ere, sedi, sessum semper always senator, senatoris m. senator senex, senis m. old man I feel, I notice sentio, sentire, sensi, sensum I follow sequor, sequi, secutus sum sermo, sermonis m. conversation, discussion, speech servo (1) I save, I keep slave servus, servi m. si if sic so, thus sicut, sicuti just as, like

I

	signum, signi <i>n</i> .	sign, signal, standard	
	silva, silvae f.	wood	
	similis, -is, -e	like, similar	
	simul	at the same time	
ı	simulac, simulatque	as soon as	- 1
	simulo (1)	I pretend	
	sine + abl.	without	
	sino, -ere, sivi, situm	l allow	
	socius, socii m.	ally, friend, companion	
	sol, solis <i>m</i> .	sun	
	soleo, -ere, solitus sum	I am accustomed	
	solus, -a, -um	alone, only	
	somnus, somni <i>m.</i>	sleep	
	soror, sororis f.	sister	
	spectaculum, spectaculi n.	spectacle, show	
ı	specto (1)	I look at, I watch	- 1
	spero (1)	I hope, I expect	
	spes, spei f.	hope	- 1
	statim	at once, immediately	
	stilus, stili <i>m</i> .	stylus, pen	
	sto, stare, steti, statum	I stand	
	stola, stolae f.	dress	
	studium, studii n.	enthusiasm, eagerness, study	
	stultus, -a, -um	stupid	
	sub + abl. /acc.	under, up to, just before	
	subito	suddenly	
	subitus, -a, -um	sudden	
	sum, esse, fui	l am	
	summus, -a, -um	highest, greatest	
	sumo, -ere, sumpsi, sumptum	I take, I put on	
	super + abl. /acc.	above, upon, on top of	
	superbus, -a, -um	proud	
	supero (1)	I overpower	
	surgo, -ere, surrexi, surrectum	l lift, I raise up	- 1
	suscipio, -ere, suscepi, susceptum	l take up, l undertake	
	sustineo, -ere, sustinui, sustentum	I support, I withstand	
	suus, -a, -um	his, her, its, their	
	Т		
	taberna, tabernae f.	inn, tavern, shop	
	taceo (2)	l am silent	
	talis, -is, -e	such, of such a kind	

tam SO tamen however, yet tandem at last, finally I touch tango, -ere, tetigi, tactum so large, so great tantus, -a, -um tego, -ere, texi, tectum I cover telum, teli n. weapon, missile tempestas, tempestatis f. storm, season, weather templum, templi n. temple time tempus, temporis n. teneo, -ere, tenui, tentum I hold earth, land terra, terrae f. terreo (2) I frighten, I terrify timeo (2) I fear, I am afraid timor, timoris m. fear, fright toga, togae f. toga I lift, I raise tollo, -ere, sustuli, sublatum tot (indeclinable) so many all, the whole of totus, -a, -um trado, -ere, tradidi, traditum I hand over traho, -ere, traxi, tractum I pull, I drag trans + acc. across tristis, -is, -e sad, mournful, gloomy you (sg.) tu tum then tunica, tunicae f. tunic turba, turbae f. crowd, disturbance tutus, -a, -um safe tuus, -a, -um your (sg.) U ubi? where? ubi when ubique everywhere ullus, -a, -um any umquam ever unde? where from? whence? urbs, urbis f. in order that, so that ut which (of two) uter, utra, utrum utilis, -is, -e useful I use utor, uti, usus sum + abl.

uxor, uxoris f.

wife

valde very vale! valete! goodbye! farewell! vallum, valli n. rampart vehementer violently veho, -ere, vexi, vectum I carry, I convey vendo, -ere, vendidi, venditum I sell venenum, veneni n. poison I come venio, venire, veni, ventum ventus, venti m. wind verbum, verbi n. word vereor, vereri, veritus sum I fear vero in fact, indeed, truly verto, -ere, verti, versum I turn (transitive) verus, -a, -um true your (pl.) vester, vestra, vestrum vestimentum, vestimenti n. garment, clothes veto, -are, vetui, vetitum I forbid, I order ... not to vetus, veteris m. f. n. old via, viae f. street, road video, -ere, vidi, visum I see videor, videri, visus sum I seem villa, villae f. house, farm, villa I conquer, I defeat, I win vinco, -ere, vici, victum wine vinum, vini n. man, husband vir, viri m. girl, maiden virgo, virginis f. virtus, virtutis f. manliness, courage, virtue vis, vis (pl. vires) f. force (strength) life vita, vitae f. vitupero (1) I curse, I blame vivo, -ere, vixi, victum I live vivus, -a, -um alive, living vix hardly, scarcely I call voco (1) I want, I wish, I am willing volo, velle, volui VOS you (pl.) vox, vocis f. voice I wound vulnero (1) vulnus, vulneris n. wound vultus, vultus m. face, expression

7. Other information

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